Il tribunato della plebe 1901

originally published between 1920-70 the history of civilization was a landmark in early twentieth century publishing it was published at a formative time within the social sciences and during a period of decisive historical discovery the aim of the general editor C.K. Ogden was to summarize the most up-to-date findings and theories of historians, anthropologists, archaeologists, and sociologists. This reprint material is available as a set or in the following groupings: prehistory and historical ethnography, set of 12; Greek civilization, set of 7; Roman civilization, set of 6; Eastern civilizations, set of 10; Judaeo-Christian civilization, set of 4; European civilization, set of 11.

Il tribunato della plebe e la sua autorità giudiziaria studiata in rapporto colla procedura civile 1917

this widely respected study of social conflicts between the patrician elite and the plebeians in the first centuries of the Roman Republic has now been enhanced by a new chapter on material culture, updates to individual chapters, an updated bibliography, and a new introduction. It analyzes social conflicts between patricians and plebeians in early republican Rome includes chapters by leading scholars from both sides of the Atlantic, illuminating social, economic, legal, religious, military, and political aspects as well as the reliability of historical sources. Contributors have written addenda for the new edition, updating their chapters in light of recent scholarship.

Roman Political Institutions 2013-06-17

 democracies and republics between past and future focuses on the concepts of direct rule by the people in early and classical Athens and the tribunicii's negative power in early republican Rome. Through this lens, the book explores current political issues in our society. This volume guides readers through the current institutional systems in the Western world in an attempt to decipher the reasons and extent of the decline of the nexus between elections and democracy, then turns its gaze to the past in search of some answers for the future. Examining early and classical Athens in discussing Athens it explores how an authentic power of the people is more than voting and something rather different from representation and the examples of Rome demonstrate thanks to the paradigm of the so-called tribunicii the importance of institutionalized mechanisms of dialogic conflict between competing powers. This book will be of primary interest to scholars of legal history both recent and ancient and to classicists but also to the more general reader with an interest in politics and history.

Social Struggles in Archaic Rome 2008-04-15

these are the proceedings of one of the colloquia organized by the international research group Society and Administration in the Hellenistic and Roman World, patronized by the Flemish Fund for Scientific Research in Brussels and composed of ancient historians of the universities of Leuven, Brussels, Antwerp, Bologna, Leiden, Trier, Cologne, and London. See also Studia Hellenistica.
The contributions cover a wide range of topics and a vast geographical area. New papyrological evidence on the taxes imposed by Vespasian on the Jews in the empire and the collection of arrears by Domitian. New papyrological evidence on the foundation and organization of poleis in Ptolemaic Egypt. Problems of taxation and other administrative questions in Ptolemaic and Roman Egypt. The upper strata of officialdom in the Seleucid kingdom and the entourage of the Antigonids. The Epirote confederacy. The collapse of the monarchy in Syracuse. Royal visits and regal displays in Ptolemaic Egypt. The settlements in the northern Sinai. The relationships between Greek subjects and Roman authorities in Asia Minor and elsewhere. People of Greek origin in Italy and the western provinces. The payment of Augustan troops in Germania Inferior.

Staat und Staatlichkeit in Der Frühen Römischen Republik 1990

dx doi org 10 12946 gph6 epubli de shop buch 53894 The spatiotemporal conjunction is a fundamental aspect of the juridical reflection on the historicity of law despite the fact that it seems to represent an issue directly connected with the question of where legal history is heading today. It still has not been the object of a focused inquiry against this background. The book's proposal consists in rethinking key confluences related to this problem in order to provide coordinates for a collective understanding and dialogue. The aim of this volume, however, is not to offer abstract methodological considerations but rather to rely on concrete studies out of which a reflection on this conjunction emerges as well as on the reconstruction of certain research lines featuring a spatiotemporal component. This analytical approach makes a contribution by providing some suggestions for the employment of space and time as coordinates for legal history. Indeed, contrary to those historiographical attitudes reflecting a monistic conception of space and time as well as a eurocentric approach, the book emphasizes the need for a delocalized global perspective in general terms. The essays collected in this book intend to take into account the multiplicity of the spatiotemporal confines, the flexibility of those instruments that serve to create chronologies and scenarios as well as certain processes of adaptation of law to different times and into different spaces. Spatiotemporal dynamics enable historians not only to detect new perspectives and dimensions in foregone themes but also to achieve new and compelling interpretations of legal history as far as the relationship between space and law is concerned. Furthermore, it outlines the attempted scales of spatiality in order to develop legal historical research with reference to the connection between time and law. The volume sketches the possibility of considering the factor of time not just as a descriptive tool but as an ascriptive moment, quasi an inner feature of a legal problem, thus making it possible to appreciate the synchronic aspects of the juridical experience as a whole. The volume aims to present spatiotemporality as a challenge for legal history.

Politics, Administration and Society in the Hellenistic and Roman World 2000

this book explores the significance of Julius Caesar to different periods, societies, and people from the 50s BC through to the twenty-first century. This interdisciplinary volume explores the significance of Julius Caesar to different periods, societies, and people ranges over the fields of religious mitigation and political history. Archaeology, architecture, and urban planning. The Visual Arts and Literary Film. Theatre and Cultural Studies examines representations of Caesar in Italy, France, Germany, Britain, and the United States in particular objects of analysis. Range from Caesar's own commentaries on the Gallic Wars through Shakespeare's Julius Caesar and images of Caesar in Italian fascist popular culture. To contemporary cinema and current debates about American Empire edited by a leading expert on the reception of ancient Rome includes original contributions by international experts on Caesar and his reception.

Зборник радова Византолошког института 1971

this volume gathers twelve studies on key aspects of the history of Rome and its empire between the end of the Hannibalic war 200 BCE and the election of Tiberius Gracchus to the tribunate 134 BCE. Through this periodization which places the focus on what intervened between two major and well-studied historical turning points in republican history. The book aims to bring new light to the interplay between imperial expansion, political volatility, and intellectual developments and on the various levels on which historical change unfolded.
continuous ancient narrative for this period even late or derivative has shaped much of the historiographical discourse about it this volume seeks to convey a new sense of the depth of the period and establishes new connections among aspects of human agency and action that are usually considered in isolation from one another it puts in fruitful dialogue contribution on a range of topics as diverse as climate change oratory agrarian laws urban architecture and the civilian military among others the result is a diverse multifocal non hierarchical assessment of a critical but often understudied period in roman history with a well balanced list of established and up and coming scholars a community in transition fills a substantial historiographical gap in the study of the roman republic

Il tribunato della plebe 1932

over the past half century the cambridge ancient history has established itself as a definitive work of reference the original edition was published in twelve text volumes between 1924 and 1939 publication of the new edition began in 1970 every volume of the old edition has been totally re thought and re written with new text maps illustrations and bibliographies some volumes have had to be expanded into two or more parts and the series has been extended by two extra volumes xiii and xiv to cover events up to ad 600 bringing the total number of volumes in the set to fourteen existing plates to the volumes are available separately profusely illustrated with maps drawings and tables comprehensive coverage of all aspects of the history of the ancient mediterranean and near east from prehistoric times to ad 600 by an international cast of editors and contributors

RENDICONTO DELLE SESSIONI. 1918

in 133 and 123 122 bce the gracchan reforms opened three cans of worms pitting the roman landowning elites against their poorer compatriots roman economic interests against those of the italian allies and senators against equestrians as these cumulative divisions threatened to coalesce into a perfect storm the noble and wealthy tribune of the plebs m livius drusus in 91 boldly proposed a comprehensive if costly new deal the eventual annulment of drusus visionary reform package set the stage for the armed rebellion of rome s key italic allies even before the conclusion of this gargantuan struggle in 87 the deep divisions drusus and his backers had sought to resolve compounded by political discontent among the enfranchised italians caused the roman polity to descend into a series of devastating civil wars terminated in 82 81 by sullas vindictive victory and reactionary new settlement offering a novel narrative analysis of the pivotal events of this well known but often poorly understood period this book seeks to demonstrate how the time from livius drusus tribunate of the plebs to sullas unparalleled dictatorship was marked by momentous reform and experimentation and suggests that the former s fateful failure arguably represents the moment the romans lost their ancestral republic

Spatial and Temporal Dimensions for Legal History 2016-07-01

scholarship has widely debated the question about the existence of an italian identity in the time of the roman republic basing on the few sources available and on the outcomes of the augustan and imperial age in this sense this debate has for a long time been conducted without sufficient imput from social sciences and particularly from social geography which has developed methodologies and models for the investigation of identities this book starts therefore from the consideration that italy came to be by the end of the republic a region within the roman imperium and investigates the ways this happened and its consequences on the local populations and their identity structures it shows that italy gained a territorial and symbolic shape and own institutions defining it as a territorial region and that a regional identity developed as a consequence by the 2nd century bce the original interdisciplinary approach to the matter allows a consistent revision of the ancient sources and sheds now light on the topic providing important reflections for future studies on the subject

Il tribunato della plebe e altri scritti su istituzioni pubbliche romane 1978

particularly in the humanities and social sciences festschrifts are a popular forum for discussion the ijbf provides quick and easy general access to these important resources for scholars and students the festschrifts are located in state and regional libraries and their bibliographic details are recorded since 1983 more than 639 000 articles from more than 29 500 festschrifts published between 1977 and 2010
in the first volume in this new series on roman society and law saskia t roselaar traces the social and economic history of the ager publicus or public land as the romans conquered italy during the fourth to first centuries bc they usually took land away from their defeated enemies and declared this to be the property of the roman state this land could be distributed to roman citizens but it could also remain in the hands of the state in which case it was available for general public use however in the third and second centuries bc growth in the population of italy led to an increased demand for land among both commercial producers and small farmers this in turn led to the gradual privatization of the state owned land as those who held it wanted to safeguard their rights to it roselaar traces the currents in roman economy and demography which led to these developments

The English Historical Review 1890

this book analyses the developments in critical reasoning that transformed the conception of tradition authority knowledge and power in the late republic

A Community in Transition 2022

Miscellaneous Reprints 1900

The Cambridge Ancient History 1970

REFORM, REVOLUTION, REACTION. A SHORT HISTORY OF ROME FROM THE ORIGINS OF THE SOCIAL WAR TO THE DICTATORSHIP OF SULLA 2023-11-09

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The Year's Work in Classical Studies ... 1928

I fasti dei tribuni della plebe della repubblica romana 1889
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De juribus Mediolanensis Ducatus in flumine Oleo plenissimum votum Advocati Fiscalis Comitis Don J. J. A. Cattanei 1719

2011 2011-01-01

Staatsordnung und Staatspraxis der römischen Republik: Abschnitt. Die Magistratur 1995

Intorno varj antichi monumenti scoperti in Brescia, dissertazione del dott. Giovanni Labus. Relazione del Prof. Rodolfo Vantini, ed alcuni cenni sugli scavi del Signor Luigi Basiletti pubblicati dall'Ateneo Bresciano. L.P. 1823

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Public Land in the Roman Republic 2010-07-22

The Birth of Critical Thinking in Republican Rome 2015-09-09

Historia 1928

＊Il ＊Cittadino Gagliuffi, Raguseo, presidente del Tribunato della Repubblica Romana nel 1798 1919
Storia antica dalle origini alla morte di Teodosio primo. - 1874

Storia generale d'Italia scritta da una società di amici 1881

Storia generale d'Italia scritta da una società di amici sotto la direzione di Pasquale Villari 1874*

Le Assemblee del risorgimenti 1911

Catalogue of Printed Books 1902

Le Assemblee del risorgimento: Roma 1848-49, 1861. 1870 1911